Flash: ECB Review

Hawkish 50bp - more hikes to come

- At today's ECB meeting, the ECB delivered a 50bp rate hike in all three policy rates as widely anticipated, so now the ECB deposit rate is at 2%. The ECB also announced that the end to full APP reinvestments would start in March 2023, which was more specific than the presentation of key principles expected. The ECB guided that from March 2023 to June 2023, its securities holdings will decline by EUR15bn per month on average. The pace beyond that is still to be determined.
- Lagarde highlighted the data dependent and meeting by meeting approach, but at the same time also gave a firm guidance that today's 50bp rate hike will not be a single 50bp rate hike and that more will follow.
- While we expected an open-ended wording of more rate hikes to come, we were surprised by the significant hawkish guidance Lagarde gave today. In our preview, we had already pointed to the risk to our forecast for longer/more than our baseline and as a result of today's meeting we revise our ECB call and add another 50bp to the peak cycle rate to 3.25%, so our new call is for 50bp in February (unchanged), 50bp in March (+25bp) and 25bp in May (new). We remain open to further rate hikes in June next year.

Lagarde in full hawkish mode and slowing the rate hike pace is not an ECB pivot

Lagarde was very hawkish during the press conference today. While she highlighted a lot of risks surrounded the outlook she did not provide many dovish arguments. We thought the most dovish was her view that during the policy discussions, some wanted a less hawkish calibration and some wanted to be more hawkish. While we had expected the ECB to communicate an open-ended wording about the number of rate hikes the ECB would ultimately deliver, the fact that she guided markets to price in more rate hikes was a surprise to us as she previously had refrained from commenting on market pricing. This brings back memories of Draghi's tenure. She said that the current market pricing feeding into the staff's models do not provide sufficient tightening for inflation to fall in line with the target and therefore more tightening is needed. Furthermore, she made it very clear that this is not a pivot from the ECB.

The decision statement also said that, 'by the end of 2023, we will also review our operational framework for steering short-term interest rates, which will provide information regarding the endpoint of the balance sheet normalisation process.', but there were no questions during the press conference on what this might entail.

End to full reinvestments in March – details announced in Feb

Markets were somewhat surprised that the ECB's announcement to end its full APP reinvestments from March was made today, as expectations were only for key principles to be presented today. The ECB announced that the securities holdings would decline by EUR15bn per month on average from March 2023 to June 2023 and the pace beyond this is still to be determined. This amounts to EUR60bn of EUR131bn, i.e. 45% of the bonds maturing. The rest will be reinvested, but how will only be published in February.

New call

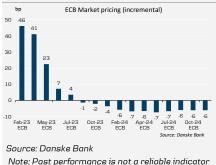
 50bp in February (unchanged),
50bp in March (+25bp) and 25bp in May (new). That means ECB policy rate hike to peak at 3.25%.

2y German yields rise 29bp on the day



Note: Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results.

Market pricing for rate hikes in coming meetings



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Amid 'sticky' core inflation and rising wages, ECB has more ground to cover

New ECB staff projections showed the inflation outlook revised markedly higher in 2023/24, and a 'mild and short-lived' recession in Q4 22/Q1 23 is now included in the baseline, owing to the energy crisis, high uncertainty, weakening global activity and tighter financing conditions. The higher core outlook, with inflation rates still above target in 2025, was an important reason for the relatively hawkish wording on the rates outlook. We remain more gloomy on the economic outlook (the ECB acknowledges 'downside risks') and see a real risk of a double dip recession for the euro area, as lingering energy troubles, weaker foreign demand and tighter financial conditions will weigh on the euro area growth prospects (read more in *Big Picture Euro area - Double dip recession*, 28 November). Inflation risks remain on the upside and we agree with the ECB that 'sticky' core inflation could remain a concern for some time yet (read more in *Euro inflation notes - A 'sticky' problem*, 30 November). Evidence of rising wage growth has become clearer amid the robust labour market and staff projections assume wages growing at rates well above historical averages during 2023/24. At the same time, fiscal measures are expected to mitigate the downturn, but also prolong inflation pressures over the medium term.

Markets repriced the cycle high rate 30bp higher today

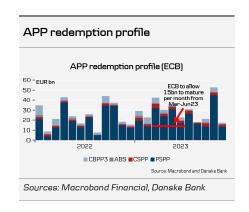
At the start of the day, markets priced the ECB deposit rate to peak at 2.8%, but after the very hawkish communication, this now points to 3.10%, i.e. 30bp higher in the front end. Looking ahead, markets price 45bp for February and 38bp for March.

The bond market also sold off markedly in a bearish flattening move. 2y Germany is up 22bp on the day while the 30y point is 'just' up 5bp at the time of writing. Bund asw spread tightened 6bp on the announcement, but has somewhat rewidened half of that back to now stand at 62.8bp.

Busy week ahead with multiple potential EURUSD drivers

The hawkish ECB message – not least at the Lagarde press conference – combined with weak US retail sales brought a sharp EUR-USD spread tightening in today's session, which in turn has sent EUR/USD close to a full big figure higher. At the time of writing EUR/USD spot has erased part of the day's gains yet remains close to the 1.064 mark. Looking ahead it is a tough balancing act for FX markets. On the one hand, higher EUR rates is a clear boost to the carry-attractiveness of the EUR. On the other hand, higher real rates is set to hit Eurozone growth, which is already suffering from the last year's negative terms-of-trade shock. This will hurt the investment case of Eurozone assets making the EUR look less attractive compared to peers.

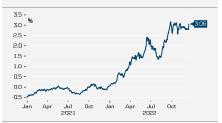
In the near term, our bearish case for EUR/USD is under pressure. However, we still think EUR/USD is a sell-on-rallies rather than a buy-on-dips. Our adjusted MEVA-model estimates has EUR/USD close to 0.90 as fair (based on terms of trade, unit labour costs and real rates) and unless global growth prospects accelerate next year we think it will remain difficult for EUR/USD to persistently leave the gravity force of parity.



Inflation still above target in 2025, with wages growing above historical averages



ECB cycle high policy rate



Source: Macrobond and Danske Bank Note: Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results.

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Expected updates

None

Date of first publication

See the front page of this research report for the date of first publication.

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